The kingdoms of life

■ Use the information below to work out which kingdom a living thing belongs to.

Bacteria	Protists	Animals	Plants	Fungi
Very simple	Single and multicellular	Multicellular.	Multicellular.	Multicellular.
organisation. Single-	(cells sometimes work	Cells form well-	Cells form well-	Cells have a nucleus.
celled organisms.	together in groups).	organised tissues.	organised tissues.	Cannot move. No
No nucleus to cell.	Cells not organised into	Cells have a nucleus.	Cells have a nucleus.	chlorophyll present.
	tissues.	Can move.	Contain chlorophyll for	
	Cells have a nucleus.		photosynthesis.	

Vocabulary

Cell: this is the most basic unit of life. The most simple organism consists of a simple single cell. More complex organisms are made up of many cells.

Chlorophyll: the green colouring in plants which helps them to photosynthesize (use energy from the Sun).

Nucleus: this is the 'control centre' of the cell. The most simple forms of cell do not have a nucleus.

Photosynthesis: the process which all plants use to grow and survive. In photosynthesis energy from the Sun is captured and turned into the substances a plant needs to make it grow and survive.

Tissue: a more complex group of cells with a similar function that all work together. For example, muscle tissue in animals, or root hair tissue in plants. Tissues work together to form organs (such as the heart, lungs, and so on.)

I can say which kingdom different living things belong to.

